

Revystar® is an important new dual-active foliar fungicide that controls the key diseases of barley and wheat. Adding Revystar to your spray rotations will give you superior control of Ramularia leaf spot and help maintain excellent control of diseases like speckled leaf blotch by reducing resistance pressure.

#### **Crop registrations:**

Barley and wheat

# **Active ingredients:**

Mefentrifluconazole 100 g/L Fluxapyroxad 50 g/L

## Pack size:

10 L - Agrecovery

# **Diseases controlled:**

Barley: Ramularia leaf spot

Scald Brown rust

Wheat: Speckled leaf blotch

(Septoria tritici blotch) Stripe rust

Leaf rust Powdery mildew

#### Rates:

## 1.5 L/ha Revystar in at least:

- 150 L/ha water for ground application
- 60 L/ha water for aerial application Adjuvant not required

# WHPs:

Cereal grain & straw stubble: DO NOT harvest or graze within 42 days of last application

Cereal green feed/silage: allow 28 days between last application and introduction of stock for grazing or cutting for silage

- Outstanding control of Ramularia in barley and excellent protection against other key diseases create extra yield potential in both barley and wheat
- Extra green leaf retention, which also promotes higher yields
- The unique combination of the most powerful Group 3 triazole fungicide and market-leading Group 7 SDHI chemistry provides excellent control of pathogens with resistance to other modes of action
- Less reliance on favourable weather for application and performance thanks to superior rainfastness and tolerance of cool temperatures
- The added convenience of having a single very effective solution for both barley and wheat
- Introducing Revystar's unique mode of action to control speckled leaf blotch will help maintain and extend the effectiveness of older chemistry.



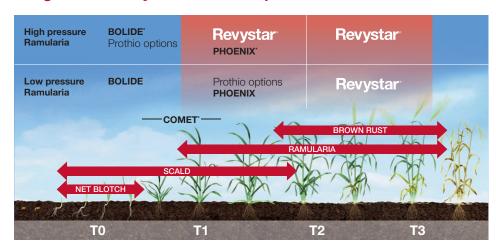
# How and when to use Revystar

# T2 is the 'king hit' application timing for all barley and wheat crops

#### **AUTUMN BARLEY**

## Optimal Ramularia timings:

T1 (GS 31–33) and T2 (GS 55–59), treating the top 4 leaves & ear. 2 sprays will usually be needed, at T2 (GS 55–59) and 21–28 days earlier. Adding a multisite is beneficial at T1.

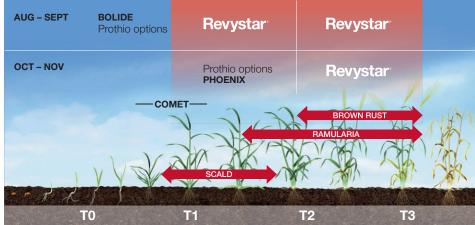


#### **SPRING BARLEY**

## Optimal Ramularia timing:

T2 (GS 49). An earlier Revystar spray may be an option when disease pressure is high.

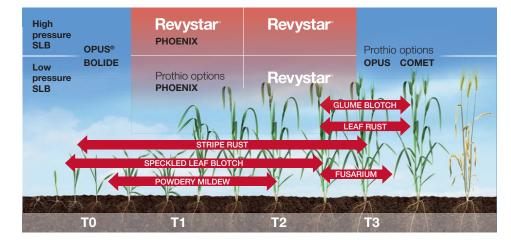
In all crops, use an alternative triazole +/-multisite at other timings.



## **WHEAT**

## Optimal SLB timings:

T1 (GS 31–33) and T2 (GS 39–45), treating the top 4 leaves. Apply Revystar twice if disease pressure is high. If not, save Revystar for the critical T2 application.



## **Resistance management**

Revystar should be used in a programme that incorporates fungicides with different modes of action to that of Group 3 and Group 7 fungicides. Apply no more than two Revystar sprays per season.

Refer to the NZCPR web site **www.resistance.nzpps.org** for more detailed information.

For more information about Revystar, visit **crop-solutions.basf.co.nz** or call **0800 932 273** or your local territory manager:

Canterbury & West Coast Colin Dunstan 027 222 7205 Otago & Southland Geoff Booth 021 744 025



ALWAYS READ AND FOLLOW LABEL DIRECTIONS BEFORE USING ANY PRODUCT IN THIS FACT SHEET.